## FANCLCorporation

# Financial Statements for the First Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2011 

Consolidated results for the period April 1, 2010 to June 30, 2010

[^0]
## SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (consolidated)

First Quarter Results for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2011

## FANCL CORPORATION

August 13, 2010
www.fancl.co.jp
Stock exchange listings: Tokyo $1^{\text {st }}$ section, code number 4921
Contact:
Kazuyuki Shimada
Director, Executive Officer and General Manager of Administration Headquarters
Telephone: +81-45-226-1200
Representative: Yoshifumi Narimatsu, C.E.O. and Representative Director
Scheduled date for submission of the first quarter hokokusho (securities report): August 13, 2010
Scheduled date for distribution of dividends: --
Availability of supplementary explanatory material for first quarter results: Available
Presentation meeting for first quarter results: Scheduled (for institutional investors and analysts)

1) Consolidated results for the first quarter (April 1, 2010 to June 30, 2010) of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011
(1) Consolidated Operating Results

Millions of yen, rounded down

| (1) Consolidated Operating Results | Three months ended June 30, 2010 |  | Three months ended June 30, 2009 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \% change |  | \% change |
| Net sales | 23,394 | (2.8) | 24,064 | (2.8) |
| Operating income | 2,127 | 18.0 | 1,802 | (19.8) |
| Ordinary income. | 2,063 | 14.1 | 1,808 | (22.4) |
| Net income................ | 813 | (16.2) | 970 | (12.6) |
| Earnings per share (¥).. | 12.53 | -- | ¥15.83 | -- |
| Earnings per share (diluted) ( $¥$ ).... | 12.49 | -- | ¥15.80 | -- |

Note: The percentages shown above are a comparison with the same period in the previous fiscal year.
(2) Consolidated Financial Position

Millions of yen, rounded down

|  | As of June 30, 2010 | As of March 31, 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total assets | 92,645 | 92,983 |
| Net assets | 77,328 | 77,596 |
| Shareholders' equity/total assets (\%). | 83.0 | 83.0 |
| Net assets per share ( $¥$ )............................... | 1,184.28 | 1,188.32 |

Shareholders' equity: As of June 30, 2010: $¥ 76,902$ million
As of March 31, 2010: $¥ 77,137$ million
2) Dividends per share


Note: Changes to the dividend forecast during the period under review: None

## 3) Consolidated forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011 (April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011)

| (1) Consolidated | Millions of yen |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Six months September 30 |  | Fiscal yea March 3 |  |
| Net sales | 47,700 | 0.0 | 97,500 | (2.0) |
| Operating income. | 2,870 | (8.2) | 8,000 | (12.7) |
| Ordinary income. | 2,870 | (7.5) | 8,000 | (12.9) |
| Net income | 1,600 | 3.7 | 4,400 | 2.2 |
| Earnings per share ( $¥$ ) | 24.65 | --- | 67.78 | -- |

Note: 1. The percentages shown above are a comparison with the interim period of the previous fiscal year for 'Six months ending September 30, 2010' and a comparison with the previous full fiscal year for 'Fiscal year ending March 31, 2011'.
2. Changes to the Consolidated forecasts during the period under review: None

## 4) Other

(1) Transfer of important subsidiaries during the period: None

Note: Indicates transfers of specified subsidiaries resulting in changes in the scope of consolidation during the interim period under review.
(2) Use of simplified accounting methods or special accounting procedures: Yes

Note: Indicates adoption of simplified accounting methods or special accounting methods for the preparation of the quarterly financial statements.
(3) Changes in accounting methods, procedures and presentation of accounting methods:

1. Changes following revisions to accounting standards: Yes
2. Other changes: None

Note: Indicates changes in principles, procedures and methods of presentation of accounting methods in the making of these financial statements, as mentioned in "Significant Items for the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements"
(4) Number of outstanding shares (common stock)

1. Number of shares outstanding (including treasury shares)
2. Number of treasury shares
3. Average number of shares during the interim period

| June 30, 2010: | $65,176,600$ <br> shares | March 31, 2010: | $65,176,600$ <br> shares |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| June 30, 2010 | 240,341 shares | March 31, 2010: | 263,985 shares |
| Three months to <br> June 30, 2010 | 64,917,361 <br> shares | Three months to <br> June 30, 2009 | $61,282,616$ <br> shares |

## Important Notice <br> Disclosure of status of quarterly report review procedures

At time of disclosure of this quarterly financial report the review procedures for quarterly securities reports as stipulated under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law had been completed.

## Appropriate use of financial forecasts

Forecasts, etc., recorded in this document include forward-looking statements that are based on management's estimates, assumptions and projections at the time of publication. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations. For further detail, please see Page 7: Commentary on Results, Section 3, Forecasts for the consolidated fiscal year ending March 31, 2011.

## Contents

1. Operating Results ..... 5
(1) Summary of business performance ..... 5
(2) Summary of consolidated financial position ..... 7
(3) Forecasts for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010 ..... 7
2. Other ..... 7
(1) Changes to subsidiaries during the period ..... 7
(2) Use of simplified accounting methods or special accounting procedures ..... 7
(3) Changes in accounting methods, procedures and presentation used in the preparation of these financial statements ..... 7
3. Consolidated financial statements ..... 9
(1) Consolidated balance sheets ..... 9
(2) Consolidated statements of income ..... 11
(3) Consolidated statements of cash flows ..... 12
(4) Items related to going concern ..... 13
(5) Segment information ..... 13
(6) Note on significant change in shareholders' equity ..... 14

## 1. Operating Results

## (1) Summary of business performance (consolidated)

(All comparisons are with the first quarter of the previous fiscal year, unless stated otherwise.)
During the first quarter period under review, the Japanese economy recovered steadily. Although unemployment remained high with continued pressure on wages and salaries, exporting and manufacturing activity increased as overseas economies improved, and corporate earnings trended favorably.

Amid these business conditions, FANCL pursued a fundamental policy of building a foundation for growth and improving profitability, and began implementing strategic investment and cost efficiency measures aimed at building a global premium brand.

Net sales for the first quarter decreased $2.8 \%$ to $¥ 23,394$ million, with stronger sales in Other businesses due to contributions from NEUES, K.K. which was added to the scope of consolidation in the second quarter of the previous year, but lagging sales in the Nutritional supplements and Cosmetics businesses. Sales in the Kale juice business were also favorable. Operating income increased $18.0 \%$ to $¥ 2,127$ million and the operating income ratio increased 1.6 percentage points to $9.1 \%$ due to a decrease in marketing expenses compared to the previous year. Ordinary income increased $14.1 \%$ to $¥ 2,063$ million and the ordinary income ratio increased 1.3 percentage points to $8.8 \%$. Net income for the period decreased $16.2 \%$ to $¥ 813$ million and the net income ratio decreased 0.5 percentage points to $3.5 \%$. This reflected the impact of extraordinary losses recorded with the adoption of Accounting Standards for Asset Retirement Obligations, along with other factors.

Segment results are as follows:
Note: As of the three-month period under review, FANCL has adopted Accounting Standard for Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related information, and Guidance on Accounting Standard for Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related information. It should be noted that methods used to measure and present segmentation, segment sales and segment income are the same as those used in the previous method.

1) Cosmetics Business

Sales
Sales from the Cosmetics business decreased $5.8 \%$ to $¥ 12,045$ million. (Millions of yen, rounded down)

|  | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2010 |  | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2009 |  | Change (\%) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Amount in <br> $¥$ million | Percent of <br> total | Amount in <br> $¥$ million | Percent of <br> total |  |
|  | 9,441 | 78.4 | 9,818 | 76.8 | $(3.8)$ |
|  | 2,255 | 18.7 | 2,539 | 19.9 | $(11.2)$ |
| Others | 349 | 2.9 | 428 | 3.3 | $(18.5)$ |
| Totals | 12,045 | 100.0 | 12,786 | 100.0 | $(5.8)$ |


|  | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2010 |  | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2009 |  | Change (\%) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Amount in <br> $¥$ million | Percent of <br> total | Amount in <br> $¥$ million | Percent of <br> total |  |
|  | 6,102 | 50.7 | 6,644 | 52.0 | $(8.2)$ |
| Retail store sales | 4,069 | 33.8 | 4,238 | 33.1 | $(4.0)$ |
| Wholesales and others | 580 | 4.8 | 685 | 5.4 | $(15.3)$ |
| Overseas Sales | 1,293 | 10.7 | 1,217 | 9.5 | 6.2 |
| Totals | 12,045 | 100.0 | 12,786 | 100.0 | $(5.8)$ |

Sales of FANCL cosmetics decreased $3.8 \%$ to $¥ 9,441$ million, reflecting the absence of a Mild Cleansing Oil product renewal marketing campaign that boosted sales in the previous year.
Sales of ATTENIR cosmetics decreased $11.2 \%$ to $¥ 2,255$ million due to a decrease in achieved unit prices and despite a summer campaign and other initiatives to improve sales.

Results by sales channels were: mail order sales decreased $8.2 \%$ year on year to $¥ 6,102$ million, retail store sales decreased $4.0 \%$ to $¥ 4,069$ million, wholesale sales through other sales channels decreased $15.3 \%$ to $¥ 580$ million, and overseas sales increased $6.2 \%$ to $¥ 1,293$ million.

Operating income
Operating income increased $22.1 \%$ to $¥ 2,186$ million, as a decrease in marketing costs offset a decrease in sales. The operating income margin improved 4.1 percentage points to $18.1 \%$.
2) Nutritional Supplements Business

Sales
Nutritional supplement sales decreased $2.1 \%$ to $¥ 6,626$ million.
(Millions of yen, rounded down)

|  | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2010 |  | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2009 |  | Change (\%) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Amount in <br> $¥$ million | Percent of <br> total | Amount in <br> $¥$ million | Percent of <br> total |  |
|  | 2,822 | 42.6 | 3,023 | 44.7 | $(6.7)$ |
|  | 1,778 | 26.9 | 1,825 | 27.0 | $(2.5)$ |
| Wholesales and others | 1,373 | 20.7 | 1,400 | 20.7 | $(1.9)$ |
| Overseas Sales | 651 | 9.8 | 518 | 7.6 | 25.8 |
| Totals | 6,626 | 100.0 | 6,766 | 100.0 | $(2.1)$ |

In terms of sales by product, strong sales of beauty supplements and supplements that target middle-aged and elderly customers were not enough to offset the decrease in sales of other product groups such as vitamins and minerals.

Looking at sales channels, mail order sales decreased $6.7 \%$ to $¥ 2,822$ million, retail store sales decreased $2.5 \%$ to $¥ 1,778$ million, wholesale sales through other sales channels decreased $1.9 \%$ to $¥ 1,373$ million and overseas sales increased $25.8 \%$ to $¥ 651$ million.

Operating income
Operating income decreased $12.3 \%$ to $¥ 618$ million due to a decrease in sales. The operating income margin decreased 1.1 percentage points to $9.3 \%$.
3) Other Businesses

Sales in Other businesses increased $4.7 \%$ year on year to $¥ 4,722$ million
(Millions of yen, rounded down)

|  | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2010 | Three months ended <br> June 30, 2009 | Change (\%) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hatsuga genmai business | 766 | 776 | $(1.3)$ |
| Kale juice business | 968 | 913 | 6.0 |
| IIMONO OHKOKU mail order business | 1,929 | 2,005 | $(3.8)$ |
| Other businesses | 1,058 | 815 | 29.8 |
| Totals | 4,722 | 4,510 | 4.7 |

In the Hatsuga genmai (germinated brown rice) business, sales decreased $1.3 \%$ to $¥ 776$ million, but evidence of a recovery began to show, including an increase in regular purchases and commercial sales.
In the Kale juice business, sales increased $6.0 \%$ to $¥ 968$ million due to an increase in sales of Kale Marugoto Shibori and other powder type products.

Sales through the IIMONO OHKOKU mail order business decreased $3.8 \%$ year on year to $¥ 1,929$ million due to poor sales of seasonal products for the start of summer and lower sales of golf products.

Sales at other businesses increased $29.8 \%$ to $¥ 1,058$ million due to the consolidation of NEUES, K.K. which operates a beauty salon business.

## Operating income

An operating loss of $¥ 194$ million was recorded for the first quarter, largely in line with the previous comparable period. Strong sales in the Kale juice business, along with a return to profitability in the Hatsuga Genmai business, offset reduced sales in the IIMONO OHKOKU mail order business.

Assets decreased $¥ 337$ million to $¥ 92,645$ million. The primary contributing factors were a decrease of $¥ 215$ million in current assets and a decrease of $¥ 122$ million in fixed assets. The decrease in current assets was largely the result of a $¥ 88$ million decrease in notes and accounts receivable, and a $¥ 174$ million decrease in inventories. The decrease in fixed assets was primarily the result of a $¥ 217$ million decrease in investment securities due to the adoption of the equity method.

Liabilities decreased $¥ 70$ million to $¥ 15,317$ million. The primary contributing factors were a decrease of $¥ 579$ million in current liabilities and an increase of $¥ 509$ million in noncurrent liabilities. The decrease in current liabilities was largely the result of a $¥ 1,107$ million decrease in accrued income taxes following a payment of corporate and other taxes and a $¥ 492$ million increase in allowance for bonuses. The increase in non-current liabilities was primarily the result of a $¥ 474$ million increase in asset retirement obligations.

Net assets decreased $¥ 267$ million to $¥ 77,328$ million. Although net income of $¥ 813$ million was recorded for the period, this was offset by dividend payments of $¥ 1,103$ million.

As a result, the shareholders' equity ratio remained at a similar level to the end of the previous fiscal year at 83.0\%.

Cash flow
Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30,2010 were $¥ 25,687$ million, $¥ 677$ million higher than at the end of the previous fiscal year. The main contributing factors are detailed below.

## Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flow gained in operating activities during the period under review was $¥ 1,283$ million compared to $¥ 1,641$ million for the first quarter of the previous fiscal year. Factors increasing operating cash flow were income before income taxes of $¥ 1,658$ million, depreciation expenses of $¥ 700$ million, an increase in accrued bonuses of $¥ 492$ million, and the effect of the adoption of accounting standards for asset retirement obligations of $¥ 309$ million. Factors reducing operating cash flow included tax payments of $¥ 2,120$ million.

## Cash flows from investing activities

Cash gained in investing activities during the period under review was $¥ 412$, compared to a $¥ 1,068$ million outflow for the first quarter of the previous fiscal year. Factors increasing investment cash flow included $¥ 1,999$ million for sales and reimbursements of securities. Factors reducing investment cash flow were outlays of $¥ 998$ million for acquisitions of securities, $¥ 343$ million for acquisitions of tangible fixed assets and $¥ 267$ million for the acquisition of intangible fixed assets.

## Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flow used in financing activities during the period under review was $¥ 1,004$ million, compared to $¥ 896$ million for the first quarter of the previous fiscal year, and was primarily due to dividend payments of ¥986 million.

## (3) Forecasts for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010

There are no changes to the forecasts made on May 14, 2010 for the consolidated fiscal year ending March 31, 2011.

## 2. Other

(1) Changes to subsidiaries during the period: None
(2) Use of simplified accounting methods or special accounting procedures: None
(3) Changes in accounting methods, procedures and presentation used in the preparation of these financial statements:
(1) Adoption of the Accounting Standard for Equity Method of Accounting for Investments and the Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Associates Accounted for Using the Equity Method
Effective from the three-month period under review, the Accounting Standard for Equity Method of Accounting for Investments (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 16 issued on March 10, 2008) and the Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to

Associates Accounted for Using the Equity Method (ASBJ Practical Issues Task Force (PITF) No. 24 issued on March 10, 2008) have been adopted.
This change had no material effect on consolidated ordinary income and consolidated net income before taxes and other adjustments.
(2) Adoption of the Accounting Standard for Asset Retirement Obligations:

Effective from the three-month period under review, the Accounting Standard for Asset Retirement Obligations (ASBJ Statement No. 18 issued on March 31, 2008)" and the Guidance on Accounting Standard for Asset Retirement Obligations (ASBJ Guidance No. 21 issued on March 31, 2008)" have been adopted.
For the three-month period under review, the effect of this change was to reduce consolidated operating income and ordinary income by $¥ 8$ million, respectively, and reduce consolidated net income before taxes and other adjustments by $¥ 318$ million.

## 3. Consolidated Financial Statements

| (1) Consolidated Balance Sheets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Millions of yen, rounded down |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { As of } \\ \text { June } 30,2010 \end{gathered}$ | As of March 31, 2010 |
| ASSETS |  |  |
| I. Current assets: |  |  |
| Cash and bank deposits | 21,181 | 19,505 |
| Notes and accounts receivable | 10,152 | 10,240 |
| Marketable securities. | 8,005 | 10,005 |
| Merchandise and products.. | 2,978 | 3,048 |
| Work in progress. | 76 | 40 |
| Raw materials and supplies | 2,963 | 3,103 |
| Others .. | 2,698 | 2,316 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (244) | (233) |
| Total current assets.. | 47,812 | 48,027 |
| II. Fixed assets: |  |  |
| Tangible fixed assets |  |  |
| Buildings and structures.. | 22,786 | 22,331 |
| Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss $\qquad$ | $(12,170)$ | $(11,719)$ |
| Buildings and structures (net).. | 10,615 | 10,612 |
| Machinery and transport equipment | 5,570 | 5,491 |
| Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss $\qquad$ | $(4,500)$ | $(4,421)$ |
| Machinery and transport equipment (net)...... | 1,069 | 1,069 |
| Furniture, tools and fixtures ....................... | 6,189 | 6,011 |
| Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss $\qquad$ | $(5,203)$ | $(5,099)$ |
| Furniture, tools and fixtures (net).................. | 986 | 911 |
| Land.. | 10,971 | 10,971 |
| Lease assets | 272 | 263 |
| Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss $\qquad$ | (130) | (115) |
| Lease assets (net).. | 141 | 148 |
| Others | 6 | 83 |
| Total tangible fixed assets | 23,791 | 23,797 |
| Intangible fixed assets |  |  |
| Goodwill ................. | 482 | 511 |
| Others.. | 2,628 | 2,602 |
| Total intangible fixed assets | 3,111 | 3,114 |
| Investments and other assets |  |  |
| Investment securities.. | 11,711 | 11,928 |
| Others | 6,219 | 6,116 |
| Total investments and other assets | 17,930 | 18,044 |
| Total fixed assets... | 44,833 | 44,956 |
| Total Assets.............................................................. | 92,645 | 92,983 |


| Consolidated Balance Sheets, continued |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Millions of yen, rounded down |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { As of } \\ \text { June } 30,2010 \end{gathered}$ | As of March 31, 2010 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |
| I. Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Notes and accounts payable. | 2,853 | 3,357 |
| Accrued income taxes..... | 1,207 | 2,314 |
| Allowance for bonus.. | 1,542 | 1,050 |
| Allowance for points. | 1,388 | 1,352 |
| Others ..................... | 5,194 | 4,690 |
| Total current liabilities. | 12,185 | 12,765 |
| II. Noncurrent liabilities: |  |  |
| Allowance for retirement benefits.. | 2,012 | 1,946 |
| Allowance for directors' retirement bonuses | 85 | 80 |
| Asset retirement obligations... | 474 | -- |
| Others . | 558 | 595 |
| Total non-current liabilities. | 3,131 | 2,622 |
| Total liabilities. | 15,317 | 15,387 |
| NET ASSETS |  |  |
| Shareholders' equity |  |  |
| Common stock. | 10,795 | 10,795 |
| Additional paid-in capital.. | 11,706 | 11,706 |
| Retained earnings | 54,775 | 55,065 |
| Treasury stock ... | (306) | (336) |
| Total shareholders' equity. | 76,970 | 77,230 |
| Difference from exchange and evaluation |  |  |
| Valuation difference on other marketable securities $\qquad$ | 8 | 10 |
| Foreign exchange adjustment account.. | (76) | (103) |
| Total difference from exchange and evaluation.. | (67) | (93) |
| Warrants............ | 312 | 342 |
| Minority interests .. | 113 | 116 |
| Total net assets.... | 77,328 | 77,596 |
| Total Liabilities and Net Assets ........................ | 92,645 | 92,983 |

(2) Consolidated statements of income

|  | Millions of yen, rounded down |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April 1, 2010 to June 30, 2010 | April 1, 2009 to June 30, 2009 |
| Net sales. | 23,394 | 24,064 |
| Cost of sales | 8,157 | 7,969 |
| Gross profit. | 15,237 | 16,094 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses.. | 13,109 | 14,292 |
| Operating income. | 2,127 | 1,802 |
| Non-operating income |  |  |
| Interest income | 20 | 24 |
| Dividend income | 8 | 1 |
| Other non-operating income | 38 | 31 |
| Total non-operating income. | 67 | 57 |
| Non-operating expenses |  |  |
| Interest expense. | 114 | - |
| Exchange loss. | 4 | 37 |
| Other non-operating expenses.. | 12 | 13 |
| Total non-operating expenses. | 131 | 51 |
| Ordinary income.. | 2,063 | 1,808 |
| Extraordinary income . |  |  |
| Income from sale of fixed assets. | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| Total extraordinary income.. | 0 | 0 |
| Extraordinary loss |  |  |
| Loss on sale of fixed assets. | - | 0 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets. | 7 | 1 |
| Impairment loss... | 13 | 13 |
| Loss on closure of stores. | - | 6 |
| Effect of change in accounting standards for disposal of fixed assets. | 309 | - |
| Other | 74 | 14 |
| Total extraordinary loss. | 405 | 36 |
| Income before income taxes. | 1,658 | 1,772 |
| Income and other taxes.. | 1,009 | 952 |
| Adjustments to income and other taxes. | (161) | (150) |
| Total income and other taxes.... | 848 | 801 |
| Net income from minority interests prior to adjustments. | 809 | - |
| Income from minority interests... | (3) | 0 |
| Net income | 813 | 970 |


| (3) Consolidated statements of cash flows |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Millions of yen, rounded down |  |
|  | April 1, 2010 to June 30, 2010 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April 1, } 2009 \text { to } \\ & \text { June 30, } 2009 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| I. Cash flows from operating activities |  |  |
| Income before income taxes | 1,658 | 1,772 |
| Depreciation. | 700 | 738 |
| Impairment losses. | 13 | 13 |
| Stock compensation expenses . | - | 19 |
| Amortization of goodwill.. | 28 | 48 |
| Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts | 8 | 14 |
| Increase (decrease) in allowance for bonuses.. | 492 | 478 |
| Increase (decrease) in allowance for points. | 36 | (16) |
| Increase (decrease) in allowance for retirement | 66 | (29) |
| Increase (decrease) in allowance for directors retirement benefits | 4 | 5 |
| Interest and dividend income | (29) | (25) |
| Gain (loss) from foreign exchange. | 15 | (63) |
|  | 114 | - |
| Gain (loss) from revaluation of investment in securities. | 2 | 6 |
| Gain on sale of fixed assets. | (0) | 0 |
| Loss from disposal of fixed assets | 7 | 1 |
|  | 309 | - |
| Decrease (increase) in trade receivables. | 88 | (484) |
| Decrease (increase) in inventories. | 174 | (132) |
| Decrease (increase) in other current assets . | (256) | (188) |
|  | 54 | - |
| Increase (decrease) in trade payables. | (504) | 253 |
| Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities.. | 357 | 572 |
| Increase (decrease) in other noncurrent liabilities. | (27) | (54) |
| Others. | 72 | 7 |
| Sub-total | 3,388 | 2,938 |
| Interest and dividends received | 16 | 13 |
| Income taxes paid | $(2,120)$ | $(1,310)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities. | 1,283 | 1,641 |
| II. Cash flows from investing activities |  |  |
| Acquisition of marketable securities. | (998) | (998) |
| Income from sale and redemption of marketable securities | 1,999 | 997 |
| Acquisition of tangible fixed assets . | (343) | (563) |
| Income from sale of tangible fixed assets. | 0 | 23 |
| Acquisition of intangible fixed assets | (267) | (290) |
| Acquisition of shares in affiliates. | - | (259) |
| Income from loans receivable. | 11 | 12 |
| Other payments | (5) | (77) |
| Other income .. | 17 | 86 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities . | 412 | $(1,068)$ |
| III. Cash flows from financing activities |  |  |
| Sale of treasury stock | 0 | 0 |
| Acquisition of treasury stock | (0) | (0) |
| Cash dividends paid. | (986) | (875) |
| Others. | (17) | (19) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | $(1,004)$ | (896) |
| IV. Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (14) | 58 |
| V. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents.. | 677 | (265) |
| VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period. | 25,010 | 26,732 |
| VII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of period................. | 25,687 | 26,467 |

## (4) Items related to going concern:

No applicable items

## (5) Segment information

The reporting of segmental information at FANCL is based on financial information able to be separated from the various businesses that comprise the consolidated FANCL group of companies, and is subject to regular review to enable the board of directors to allocate management resources and to evaluate business performance.
FANCL operates a range of businesses, focusing on the production and sale of cosmetics and nutritional supplements. The company and its consolidated subsidiaries include not only companies that manufacture single products, but also companies that manufacture and sell multiple products. FANCL operates each business by establishing comprehensive domestic and overseas strategies based on the products handled. Accordingly, the corporate group consists of segments based on the products handled, and are separated into two main business segments-Cosmetics Business and Nutritional Supplements Business. The Cosmetics Business manufactures and sells cosmetics and supplies OEM products. The Nutritional Supplements Business conducts manufactures and sells nutritional products.

Business Segments
Three months ended June 30, 2010 (Millions of yen, rounded down)

|  | Business Segments |  |  | Other*1 | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eliminations } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { Corporate*2 } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{*^{3}}{ }$ Consolidated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cosmetics Business | Nutritional Supplements Business | Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Sales and operating income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Sales to external customers <br> (2) Inter-segment sales or transfers | 12,045 -- | 6,626 -- | 18,672 -- | 4,722 -- | 23,394 | -- | 23,394 -- |
| Total sales | 12,045 | 6,626 | 18,672 | 4,722 | 23,394 | - | 23,394 |
| Operating income (loss) | 2,186 | 618 | 2,804 | (194) | 2,610 | (483) | 2,127 |

Notes:

1. The Others business segment includes sales of Hatsuga Genmai (germinated brown rice), kale juice, mail-order sales by consolidated subsidiary IIMONO OHKOKU (Kingdom of Wonderful Things) Co., Ltd., Kaiteki Hadagi comfort undergarments and household sundries, and beauty salon operations at.
2. The Eliminations or Corporate amount of $¥ 483$ million recorded in segmental operating income (loss) includes overall costs not allocated in each segment, and mainly consists of corporate costs applicable to the business segments, such as costs pertaining to the General Affairs Department of the parent company.
3. Segment income or loss has been adjusted with the operating income for the consolidated income statement for the quarter

Three months ended June 30, 2009
(Millions of yen, rounded down)

|  | Cosmetics <br> Business | Nutritional <br> Supplements <br> Business | Other <br> Businesses | Total | Eliminations <br> or Corporate | Consolidated |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1. Sales and <br> operating income: <br> (1) Sales to external <br> customers | 12,786 | 6,766 | 4,510 | 24,064 |  |  |
| (2) Inter-segment <br> sales or transfers | -- | -- | -- | - | 24,064 |  |
| Total sales | 12,786 | 6,766 | 4,510 | 24,064 | -- | -- |
| Operating income <br> (loss) | 1,790 | 705 | $(193)$ | 2,301 | $(499)$ | 1,80 |

Notes:

1. Segmentation has been adopted for internal management purposes.
2. Segment operations are as follows:

Cosmetic Business: Mail order and retail sales and wholesaling of a variety of cosmetics products

Nutritional Supplements Business: Mail order and retail sales and wholesaling of a variety of nutritional supplements
Other businesses: Mail order of personal sundries, accessories, undergarments, health equipment and household sundries, mail order and retail sales and wholesales of Hatsuga genmai (germinated brown rice) and Kale Juice, etc.
b. Segment information by area:

April 1, 2009 to June 30, 2009
Since the domestic business comprises over $90 \%$ of total for sales, segment information by area has been omitted.
c. Overseas sales:

April 1, 2009 to June 30, 2009
Since overseas sales are less than $10 \%$ of consolidated sales, overseas sales has been omitted.
d. Segment Information:
(Additional information)
As of the three-month period under review, FANCL has adopted Accounting Standard for Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related information (ASBJ Statement No. 17 issued March 27, 2009) and Guidance on Accounting Standard for Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related information (ASBJ Guidance No. 20 issued March 21, 2008). It should be noted that methods used to measure and present enterprise segment information under the current 'business management' approach to business segmentation are the same as those used in the previous method of segmentation by type of operation.
3. Impairment losses on fixed assets and goodwill by reporting segment

Significant losses related to fixed assets
As of the end of the three-month period under review, the book value of retail facilities scheduled for closure has been written down to the estimated recoverable amount and an impairment loss recorded. This impairment loss-related information for the Cosmetic and Nutritional Supplements Businesses has been omitted due to low materiality.
Significant changes to goodwill
No applicable items
Significant gain on negative goodwill
No applicable items

## (6) Note on significant change in shareholders' equity

No applicable items


[^0]:    This document has been translated from the original Japanese as a guide for non-Japanese investors. It contains forward-looking statements based on a number of assumptions and beliefs made by management in light of information currently available. Actual financial results may differ materially depending on a number of factors, including changing economic conditions, legislative and regulatory developments, delay in new product launches, and pricing and product initiatives of competitors.

